



**Office of the New York State
Attorney General**

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Attorney General**

Dealing with ICE in the workplace

Employers' and workers' rights and obligations

This guidance is intended to provide information and clarity about the rights and obligations of employers and workers during immigration enforcement at the workplace. In New York state, workers have rights regardless of their immigration status. New York's labor laws protect workers, no matter their immigration status or work authorization. This includes laws that require minimum wage and overtime pay, laws that prohibit discrimination, and laws that prohibit retaliation.

The Office of the New York State Attorney General takes claims of retaliation against workers because of their immigration status seriously. You can report violations of New York's labor laws with our office.



Report a labor law violation

What is an ICE raid?

The U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) is part of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security. During an ICE raid, ICE agents appear at a worksite, without previous notice, as part of an investigation. ICE agents are not police officers, although their uniforms may say "police" or "federal agent." Sometimes local police or other law enforcement accompany ICE agents on raids.

How can I prepare for an ICE raid?

Employers and employees may review this document and other available information and develop a plan of what to do if an ICE raid occurs.

What can ICE legally do at my workplace?

ICE can enter the public space of your workplace without any permission or warrant:

- » A public space is where members of the public are generally permitted.
- » For example, public spaces include the publicly accessible areas of supermarkets, retail stores, and restaurants, as well as building lobbies.

ICE cannot legally enter a private space of your workplace without a **judicial warrant** or your **employer's permission**:

- » A private space is an employees-only area where members of the public are generally not allowed.
- » This protection applies also to the private spaces in factories and on farms.
- » Typical private spaces include private offices, breakrooms, storage rooms, and back-of-house kitchens.
- » Indicators that a space is private may include posting of "Private" signs, locked doors, and policies that state that visitors and the public cannot enter those spaces without permission.

Can an employer ask ICE to show identification?

Yes. If you are an employer, you can ask ICE agents to show **identification**. If they refuse, you can document their appearance or other identifying characteristics.

Can an employer ask if ICE has a judicial warrant?

Yes. If you are an employer, you can ask ICE if they have a **judicial warrant**:

- » A judicial warrant is a warrant from a court that is signed by a judge. In some circumstances, a judicial warrant may be signed by a clerk in a federal district court.
- » You can ask ICE agents for a copy of the judicial warrant.
- » If the agents do not have a judicial warrant, you do not have to let them enter private spaces in your workplace.

Can ICE agents enter private spaces with an administrative (not judicial) warrant?

No. An administrative warrant does not give ICE the legal authority to enter a private space without the employer's consent. If ICE agents present an administrative warrant, you do not have to let them enter private spaces in your workplace.

What is the difference between a judicial and an administrative warrant?

Judicial warrant

A judicial warrant is a warrant from a court that is signed by a judge or in some cases a clerk.

See sample judicial warrant on page 5

Administrative warrant

An administrative warrant bears the seal of the Department of Homeland Security, Immigration and Customs Enforcement, or the Department of Justice and is signed by an immigration official. Administrative warrants are not issued from a court nor signed by a judge.

See sample administrative warrant on page 8

Must I answer ICE's questions?

No. If you are a worker or an employer, you do not have to answer any questions that ICE asks. You have the right to remain silent. You do not have to provide any paperwork to ICE. You can ask to have an attorney present.

If ICE shows an employer an administrative warrant seeking a certain person, the employer does not have to:

- » say whether a specific employee is working that day
- » take ICE agents to an employee named on the warrant

What if ICE searches a person or a private space without permission or a judicial warrant?

It is important to try to remain calm. You can ask if you are free to leave.

If you are being searched, you can say, “I do not consent to your search.”

If you are an employer, you can say, “I do not consent to your search or to you entering this private area.” Your statement may be important in a future legal proceeding.

If ICE continues the search anyway, do not physically try to stop them. If you can, without interfering with the officers, document what happened including whom you spoke to, what you said, and what their response was. You can write this information down on a piece of paper or log it in your phone.

What if ICE does not have a judicial warrant and is interfering in workplace operations?

You can document the agents’ names and titles and how their conduct is interfering with your work. You can ask them to leave, if you feel safe doing so.

What is an I-9 audit?

A I-9 Audit is when ICE inspects whether a business has confirmed a worker’s identity and work authorization:

- » Employers must keep I-9 forms for three years after hiring a worker, or for one year after the worker’s last day of work, whichever is later.
- » Once a worker has filled out an I-9 form, they do not have to fill it out again unless there is a valid legal reason.
- » Employers are not required to keep copies of a worker’s identity or work-authorization documents.

I am an employer. Can ICE conduct I-9 audits at my workplace?

Yes. ICE does not need a judicial warrant or permission to conduct an I-9 audit.

- » If ICE wants to see your I-9 forms, it must give you as the employer at least three days’ notice.
- » ICE may ask you to waive the three-day notice, but you as the employer can deny that request.
- » You must allow ICE reasonable access for the audit.

Note | This guidance is for general information only and is not legal advice. Consult an attorney for legal advice.

**SAMPLE
JUDICIAL WARRANT**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

_____ District of _____

In the Matter of the Search of _____)
(Briefly describe the property to be searched)
or identify the person by name and address)

Case No. _____

SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANT

To: Any authorized law enforcement officer

An application by a federal law enforcement officer or an attorney for the government requests the search of the following person or property located in the _____ District of _____
(identify the person or describe the property to be searched and give its location):

I find that the affidavit(s), or any recorded testimony, establish probable cause to search and seize the person or property described above, and that such search will reveal (identify the person or describe the property to be seized):

YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant on or before _____ (not to exceed 14 days)

☐ in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. ☐ at any time in the day or night because good cause has been established.

Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property taken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the place where the property was taken.

The officer executing this warrant, or an officer present during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an inventory as required by law and promptly return this warrant and inventory to _____

(United States Magistrate Judge)

☐ Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3103a(b), I find that immediate notification may have an adverse result listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2705 (except for delay of trial), and authorize the officer executing this warrant to delay notice to the person who, or whose property, will be searched or seized (check the appropriate box)

☐ for _____ days (not to exceed 30) ☐ until, the facts justifying, the later specific date of _____

Date and time issued: _____

Judge's signature

City and state: _____

Printed name and title

Return

Case No.:

Date and time warrant executed:

Copy of warrant and inventory left with:

Inventory made in the presence of :

Inventory of the property taken and name of any person(s) seized:

Certification

I declare under penalty of perjury that this inventory is correct and was returned along with the original warrant to the designated judge.

Date: _____

Executing officer's signature

Printed name and title

**SAMPLE
ADMINISTRATIVE WARRANTS/
IMMIGRATION DOCUMENTS
(DHS Forms I-247, I-200, I-205)**

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
IMMIGRATION DETAINER - NOTICE OF ACTION

Subject ID:
Event #:

File No:
Date:

TO: (Name and Title of Institution - OR Any Subsequent Law Enforcement Agency)

FROM: (Department of Homeland Security Office Address)

MAINTAIN CUSTODY OF ALIEN FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 48 HOURS

Name of Alien: _____
Date of Birth: _____ Nationality: _____ Sex: _____

THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY (DHS) HAS TAKEN THE FOLLOWING ACTION RELATED TO THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ABOVE, CURRENTLY IN YOUR CUSTODY:

- ☐ Determined that there is reason to believe the individual is an alien subject to removal from the United States. The individual (check all that apply):
- ☐ has a prior a felony conviction or has been charged with a felony offense;
 - ☐ has three or more prior misdemeanor convictions;
 - ☐ has a prior misdemeanor conviction or has been charged with a misdemeanor for an offense that involves violence, threats, or assaults; sexual abuse or exploitation; driving under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; unlawful flight from the scene of an accident; the unlawful possession or use of a firearm or other deadly weapon, the distribution or trafficking of a controlled substance; or other significant threat to public safety;
 - ☐ has been convicted of illegal entry pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1325;
 - ☐ has illegally re-entered the country after a previous removal or return;
 - ☐ has been found by an immigration officer or an immigration judge to have knowingly committed immigration fraud;
 - ☐ otherwise poses a significant risk to national security, border security, or public safety; and/or
 - ☐ other (specify): _____.
- ☐ Initiated removal proceedings and served a Notice to Appear or other charging document. A copy of the charging document is attached and was served on _____ (date).
- ☐ Served a warrant of arrest for removal proceedings. A copy of the warrant is attached and was served on _____ (date).
- ☐ Obtained an order of deportation or removal from the United States for this person.

This action does not limit your discretion to make decisions related to this person's custody classification, work, quarter assignments, or other matters. DHS discourages dismissing criminal charges based on the existence of a detainer.

IT IS REQUESTED THAT YOU:

- ☐ Maintain custody of the subject for a period **NOT TO EXCEED 48 HOURS**, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, beyond the time when the subject would have otherwise been released from your custody to allow DHS to take custody of the subject. This request derives from federal regulation 8 F.R. § 2.7.7. For purposes of this immigration detainer, **you are not authorized to hold the subject beyond these 48 hours**. As early as possible prior to the time you otherwise would release the subject, please notify DHS by calling _____ during business hours or _____ after hours or in an emergency. If you cannot reach a DHS Official at these numbers, please contact the ICE Law Enforcement Support Center in Burlington, Vermont at: (802) 872-6020.
- ☐ Provide a copy to the subject of this detainer.
- ☐ Notify this office of the time of release at least 30 days prior to release or as far in advance as possible.
- ☐ Notify this office in the event of the inmate's death, hospitalization or transfer to another institution.
- ☐ Consider this request for a detainer operative only upon the subject's conviction.
- ☐ Cancel the detainer previously placed by this Office on _____ (date).

(Name and title of Immigration Officer)

(Signature of Immigration Officer)

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY CURRENTLY HOLDING THE SUBJECT OF THIS NOTICE:

Please provide the information below, sign, and return to DHS using the envelope enclosed for your convenience or by faxing a copy to _____. You should maintain a copy for your own records so you may track the case and not hold the subject beyond the 48-hour period.

Local Booking/Inmate #: _____ Latest criminal charge/conviction: _____ (date) Estimated release: _____ (date)

Last criminal charge/conviction: _____

Notice: Once in our custody, the subject of this detainer may be removed from the United States. If the individual may be the victim of a crime, or if you want this individual to remain in the United States for prosecution or other law enforcement purposes, including acting as a witness, please notify the ICE Law Enforcement Support Center at (802) 872-6020.

(Name and title of Officer)

(Signature of Officer)

NOTICE TO THE DETAINEE

The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has placed an immigration detainer on you. An immigration detainer is a notice from DHS informing law enforcement agencies that DHS intends to assume custody of you after you otherwise would be released from custody. DHS has requested that the law enforcement agency which is currently detaining you maintain custody of you for a period not to exceed 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays) beyond the time when you would have been released by the state or local law enforcement authorities based on your criminal charges or convictions. **If DHS does not take you into custody during that additional 48 hour period, not counting weekends or holidays, you should contact your custodian** (the law enforcement agency or other entity that is holding you now) to inquire about your release from state or local custody. **If you have a complaint regarding this detainer or related to violations of civil rights or civil liberties connected to DHS activities, please contact the ICE Joint Intake Center at 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253). If you believe you are a United States citizen or the victim of a crime, please advise DHS by calling the ICE Law Enforcement Support Center toll free at (855) 448-6903.**

NOTIFICACIÓN A LA PERSONA DETENIDA

El Departamento de Seguridad Nacional (DHS) de EE. UU. ha emitido una orden de detención migratoria en su contra. Median esta orden, se notifica a los organismos policiales que el DHS pretende arrestarlo cuando usted cumpla su reclusión actual. El DHS ha solicitado que el organismo policial local o estatal a cargo de su actual detención lo mantenga en custodia por un período no mayor a 48 horas (excluyendo sábados, domingos y días festivos) tras el cese de su reclusión penal. **Si el DHS no procede con su arresto migratorio durante este período adicional de 48 horas, excluyendo los fines de semana o días festivos, usted debe comunicarse con la autoridad estatal o local que lo tiene detenido** (el organismo policial u otra entidad a cargo de su custodia actual) para obtener mayores detalles sobre el cese de su reclusión. **Si tiene alguna queja o se relacione con esta orden de detención o con posibles infracciones a los derechos o libertades civiles en conexión con las actividades del DHS, comuníquese con el Joint Intake Center (Centro de Admisión) del ICE (Servicio de Inmigración y Control de Aduanas) llamando al 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253). Si usted cree que es ciudadano de los Estados Unidos o que ha sido víctima de un delito, infórmele al DHS llamando al Centro de Apoyo a los Organismos Policiales (Law Enforcement Support Center) del ICE, teléfono (855) 448-6903 (llamada gratuita).**

Avis au détenu

Le département de la Sécurité Intérieure [Department of Homeland Security (DHS)] a émis, à votre rencontre, un ordre d'incarcération pour des raisons d'immigration. Un ordre d'incarcération pour des raisons d'immigration est un avis du DHS informant les agences des forces de l'ordre que le DHS a l'intention de vous détenir après la date normale de votre remise en liberté. Le DHS a requis que l'agence des forces de l'ordre, qui vous détient actuellement, vous garde en détention pour une période maximum de 48 heures (excluant les samedis, dimanches et jours fériés) au-delà de la période à la fin de laquelle vous auriez été remis en liberté par les autorités policières de l'État ou locales en fonction de vos incriminations ou condamnations pénales à votre rencontre. **Si le DHS ne vous détient pas durant cette période supplémentaire de 48 heures sans compter les fins de semaines et les jours fériés, vous devez contacter votre gardien** (l'agence des forces de l'ordre qui vous détient actuellement) pour vous renseigner à propos de votre libération par l'État ou l'autorité locale. **Si vous avez une plainte à formuler au sujet de cet ordre d'incarcération ou en rapport avec des violations de vos droits civils liés à des activités du DHS, veuillez contacter le centre commun d'admissions du Service de l'Immigration et des Douanes [ICE - Immigration and Customs Enforcement] [ICE Joint Intake Center] au 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253). Si vous croyez être un citoyen des États-Unis ou la victime d'un crime, veuillez en aviser le DHS en appelant le centre d'assistance des forces de l'ordre de l'ICE [ICE Law Enforcement Support Center] au numéro gratuit (855) 448-6903.**

AVISO AO DETENTO

O Departamento de Segurança Nacional (DHS) emitiu uma ordem de custódia imigratória em seu nome. Este documento é um aviso enviado às agências de imposição da lei de que o DHS pretende assumir a custódia da sua pessoa, caso seja liberado. O DHS pediu que a agência de imposição da lei encarregada da sua atual detenção mantenha-o sob custódia durante, no máximo, 48 horas (excluído sábado, domingos e feriados) após o período em que seria liberado pelas autoridades estaduais ou municipais de imposição da lei, de acordo com as respectivas acusações e penas criminais. **Se o DHS não assumir a sua custódia durante essas 48 horas adicionais, excluindo-se os fins de semana e feriados, você deverá entrar em contato com o seu custodiante** (a agência de imposição da lei ou qualquer outra entidade que esteja detendo-o no momento) para obter informações sobre sua liberação da custódia estadual ou municipal. **Caso você tenha alguma reclamação a fazer sobre esta ordem de custódia imigratória ou relacionada a violações dos seus direitos ou liberdades civis decorrente das atividades do DHS, entre em contato com o Centro de Entrada Conjunta da Agência de Controle de Imigração e Alfândega (ICE) pelo telefone 1-877-246-8253. Se você acreditar que é um cidadão dos EUA ou está sendo vítima de um crime, informe o DHS ligando para o Centro de Apoio à Imposição da Lei do ICE pelo telefone de ligação gratuita (855) 448-6903.**

THÔNG BÁO CHO NGƯỜI BỊ GIAM GIỮ

Bộ Quốc Phòng (DHS) đã có lệnh giam giữ quý vị vì lý do di trú. Lệnh giam giữ vì lý do di trú là thông báo của DHS cho các cơ quan thi hành luật pháp là DHS có ý định tạm giữ quý vị sau khi quý vị được thả. DHS đã yêu cầu cơ quan thi hành luật pháp hiện đang giữ quý vị phải tiếp tục tạm giữ quý vị trong không quá 48 giờ đồng hồ (không kể thứ Bảy, Chủ nhật, và các ngày nghỉ lễ) ngoài thời gian mà lẽ ra quý vị sẽ được cơ quan thi hành luật pháp của tiểu bang hoặc địa phương thả ra dựa trên các bản án và tội hình sự của quý vị. **Nếu DHS không tạm giam quý vị trong thời gian 48 giờ bổ sung đó, không tính các ngày cuối tuần hoặc ngày lễ, quý vị nên liên lạc với bên giam giữ quý vị** (cơ quan thi hành luật pháp hoặc tổ chức khác hiện đang giam giữ quý vị) để hỏi về việc cơ quan địa phương hoặc liên bang thả quý vị ra. Nếu quý vị có khiếu nại về lệnh giam giữ này hoặc liên quan tới các trường hợp vi phạm dân quyền hoặc tự do công dân liên quan tới các hoạt động của DHS, vui lòng liên lạc với ICE Joint Intake Center tại số 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253). Nếu quý vị tin rằng quý vị là công dân Hoa Kỳ hoặc nạn nhân tị nạn, vui lòng báo cho DHS biết bằng cách gọi ICE Law Enforcement Support Center tại số điện thoại miễn phí (855) 448 6903.

对被拘留者的通告

美国国土安全部 (DHS) 已发出对你的移民监禁令。移民监禁令是美国国土安全部用来通告执法当局, 表示美国国土安全部意图在你可能从当前的拘留被释放以后继续拘留你的通知单。美国国土安全部已经向当前拘留你的执法当局要求, 根据对你的刑事起诉或判罪的基础, 在本当由州或地方执法当局释放你时, 继续拘留你, 为期不超过 48 小时 (星期六、星期天和假日除外)。如果美国国土安全部未在不计周末或假日的额外 48 小时期限内将你拘留, 你应该联系你的监管单位 (现在拘留你的执法当局或其他单位), 询问关于你从州或地方执法单位被释放的事宜。如果你对于这项拘留或关于美国国土安全部的行动所涉及的违反民权或公民自由权有任何投诉, 请联系美国移民及海关执法局联合接纳中心 (ICE Joint Intake Center), 电话号码是 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253)。如果你相信你是美国公民或犯罪被害人, 请联系美国移民及海关执法局的执法支援中心 (ICE Law Enforcement Support Center), 告知美国国土安全部。该执法支援中心的免费电话号码是 (855) 448-6903。

File No. _____

Date: _____

To: Any immigration officer authorized pursuant to sections 236 and 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act and part 287 of title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, to serve warrants of arrest for immigration violations

I have determined that there is probable cause to believe that _____ is removable from the United States. This determination is based upon:

- ☐ the execution of a charging document to initiate removal proceedings against the subject;
- ☐ the pendency of ongoing removal proceedings against the subject;
- ☐ the failure to establish admissibility subsequent to deferred inspection;
- ☐ biometric confirmation of the subject's identity and a records check of federal databases that affirmatively indicate, by themselves or in addition to other reliable information, that the subject either lacks immigration status or notwithstanding such status is removable under U.S. immigration law; and/or
- ☐ statements made voluntarily by the subject to an immigration officer and/or other reliable evidence that affirmatively indicate the subject either lacks immigration status or notwithstanding such status is removable under U.S. immigration law.

YOU ARE COMMANDED to arrest and take into custody for removal proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, the above-named alien.

(Signature of Authorized Immigration Officer)_____
(Printed Name and Title of Authorized Immigration Officer)**Certificate of Service**

I hereby certify that the Warrant for Arrest of Alien was served by me at _____
(Location)

on _____ on _____, and the contents of this
(Name of Alien) (Date of Service)

notice were read to him or her in the _____ language.
(Language)

Name and Signature of Officer_____
Name or Number of Interpreter (if applicable)

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

WARRANT OF REMOVAL/DEPORTATION

File No: _____

Date: _____

To any immigration officer of the United States Department of Homeland Security:

(Full name of alien)

who entered the United States at _____ on _____
(Place of entry) (Date of entry)

is subject to removal/deportation from the United States, based upon a final order by:

- ☐ an immigration judge in exclusion, deportation, or removal proceedings
- ☐ a designated official
- ☐ the Board of Immigration Appeals
- ☐ a United States District or Magistrate Court Judge

and pursuant to the following provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act

I, the undersigned officer of the United States, by virtue of the power and authority vested in the Secretary of Homeland Security under the laws of the United States and by his or her direction, command you to take into custody and remove from the United States the above-named alien pursuant to law, at the expense of:

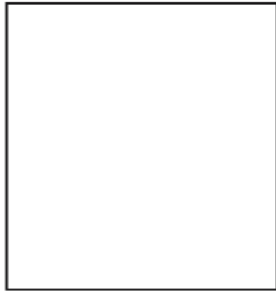
(Signature of immigration officer)

(Title of immigration officer)

(Date and office location)

To be completed by immigration officer executing the warrant: Name of alien being removed:

Port, date, and manner of removal:



Photograph of alien removed



Right index fingerprint of alien removed

(Signature of alien being fingerprinted)

(Signature and title of immigration officer taking print)

Departure witnessed by:

(Signature and title of immigration officer)

If actual departure is not witnessed, fully identify source or means of verification of departure:

If self-removal (self-deportation), pursuant to 8 CFR 241.7, check here. ☐

Departure Verified by:

(Signature and title of immigration officer)